

Report of the Cabinet Member for Economy, Finance & Strategy

Cabinet - 18 February 2021

Revenue and Capital Budget Monitoring 3rd Quarter 2020/21

Purpose: To report on financial monitoring of the 2020/21

revenue and capital budgets

Policy Framework: Budget 2020/21.

Transformation and Future Council

(Sustainable Swansea –fit for the future)

Consultation: Cabinet Members, Corporate Management Team,

Legal Services and Access to Services.

Recommendation(s): It is recommended that Cabinet:

1) Notes the comments and variations set out in the report and the actions in hand to address these;

2) Approves the virements in para 2.7;

- Reduces the level of permitted, in extremis, in year overspending to £4m, to be fully financed from draws from earmarked reserves, well within the sums approved at Council on 4 November 2020, to ensure the overall budget remains balanced for the year;
- 4) Continue to endorse that no officer may consider any material further spending commitments and must wherever possible continue to defer and delay spending to contain and reduce the likely modest forecast overspend by year end as far as is practicable, whilst delivering agreed Council priorities set out in the approved budget.

Report Author: Ben Smith

Finance Officer: Ben Smith

Legal Officer: Tracey Meredith

Access to Services Officer: Rhian Millar

1. Background and Introduction

- 1.1 This report details forecast variations from the agreed budget for 2020/21.
- 1.2 In respect of Revenue Budgets, this report provides a consolidated forecast which combines:
 - projected variations (mainly shortfalls) in relation to budget savings agreed by Council in March 2020
 - Variations arising from other service pressures not directly linked to specific savings plans (e.g. increased service demand, price and pay inflation, increased, but most often unfunded, regulatory obligations and burdens from both UK and Welsh governments)
- 1.3 The report includes comments from Directors in relation to the variations highlighted and the action that is in hand or proposed as appropriate.

2. Revenue Outturn Forecast Based on 3rd Quarter position

- 2.1 Appendix 'A' to this report details the approved Revenue Budget for 2020/21 and the forecast variation at this time.
- 2.2 Other than projected variations on Directorate expenditure, it is still too early to confidently forecast final variations that may arise on some significant Corporate items, including the level of Council Tax collection (which posted a deficit in 2019-20 of £0.7m and 2018-19 of £0.3m). However, given the likely impact of COVID on collection it is inevitable that a further shortfall will arise in 2020-21. An updated forecast is that there remains a potential shortfall of £3.8m in 2020-21. This may be subject to some form of grant underpin support in due course from the Welsh Government, but is far from assured.
- 2.3 The overall Directorate position is summarised below:-

DIRECTORATE

	FORECAST	NET COVID	OTHER
	VARIATION	VARIATION	VARIATION
	2020/21	2020/21	2020/21
	£000	£000	£000
RESOURCES	3,366	4,071	-705
PEOPLE - SOCIAL SERVICES	1,983	7,760	-5,777
PEOPLE - EDUCATION	4,898	3,225	1,673
PLACE	6,700	6,700	0
Additional Savings	194		194
NET DIRECTORATE			
EXPENDITURE	17,141	21,756	-4,615

2.4 Directors' comments on the above variations are shown at Appendix B

- 2.5 Within the Sustainable Swansea Delivery Programme, work continues to develop service delivery plans that will include all savings requirements across all strands. This includes the cross cutting nature of new reviews as well as the completion of current in-flight reviews.
- 2.6 The table above shows an estimated overspend for the year of £17.14million. Bar some "Business as usual" fluctuations in Social Services and Education which is in effect entirely as a result of the COVID 19 pandemic and relevant responses in expenditure and reductions in Income as a result. This figure does not include the Business Support Grants costs and Retail/Hospitality/Rates reductions resulting from Welsh Government decisions and which are now anticipated to cost around £110m of additional costs and to be funded in their entirety. A further approx. £15m support is anticipated from WG announcements for additional Business support in relation to the latest lockdown starting Christmas 2020 .Any funding from WG confirmed after the Quarter 3 report as a result of grant claims have not been included in the figures above. Section 2.7 below shows the level of "service" expenditure that has been deemed as eligible and paid by WG to date.
- 2.7 Currently, monthly claims against additional COVID expenditure (April to December and an historic claim in relation to March 2020) and a claim for loss of income for the first two quarters as a result of COVID in relation to the services has been submitted to WG. The summary of claims submitted and amounts received to date is set out below:

Summary of claims submitted and payments received to date in 2020/21

	Claim £000's	Paid £000's	
Hardship (costs) : April-December	14,928	10,849	Partial October , November Adult Social Care & November schools staffing awaiting WG response. December recently submitted & awaiting WG response.
Loss of Income : 1 st ,2 nd Quarters	11,216	10,805	

Overall total 26,144 21,654

Welsh Government have amended eligibility criteria as the year has progressed both in relation to additional costs and loss of income. This has included deeming as ineligible certain elements of expenditure (eg day to day expenses such as mobile phones, postage/copying/stationery costs, local decisions re support to local business) and reducing the eligible element of other costs.

As such the monthly claims are amended to include only those elements of expenditure deemed to be eligible so exclude any costs etc not deemed eligible to be claimed.

Whilst some elements of expenditure are going to be continued to be claimed the WG

"panel have suggested as authorities are moving into a different phase of response then some costs deemed additional and necessary at the start will no longer be eligible within the fund but will be a matter for local discretion. e.g. packed lunches for homeless. This is because what was deemed an emergency response at the start of the pandemic is likely to

either have a national policy response or there has been enough time for authorities to make alternative arrangements at a lower cost from existing budgets."

This will result in a further reduction in those elements deemed to be eligible for grant by WG.

Similarly, the Loss of Income claims only include those elements deemed as "eligible" by WG.

Grant claims to WG in relation to TTP have commenced which are anticipated to cover all additional costs arising. The additional forecast costs are included under Resources and currently amount to £2.8m in 2020/21. Some £0.66m has been claimed against spend to date. It remains unclear how much will be truly additional cost (and claimable) as opposed to, as is predominantly currently the case, redeployed and redirected costs of existing workforce otherwise prevented from working in their normal service areas, but as "return to new normal" becomes more prevalent it is clear costs will rapidly start to be additional rather than "in lieu" and thus reclaimable.

Grant claims to WG for the £500 carer payments are being made in line with the national scheme and again are assumed to fully cover costs with both elements contained with the Social Services forecast. The estimated total cost of the carers support scheme and equivalent grant funding to be claimed is £3.5m .The same approach applies to the £500/person isolation payments and social care statutory sick pay top up payments now the scheme is operational.

At present, therefore, it is proposed to allocate the additional sums <u>received</u> since the second quarter report as follows and to seek that cabinet formalise their virement in receiving this report to service budget lines as follows:

Education £2.51m
Social Services £2.26m
Place £2.83m
Resources £0.25m
Total £7.85m

And once the final figure is confirmed up to the following:

Resources (TTP) £2.8m

This proposal has no overall impact on the position, merely allocates grant received back above the line and which will result in some reductions in report service overspending in later reports but equally will remove the net grant income received below the line.

Additional claims and payments regarding COVID from the Welsh Government will continue to be made during the rest of the financial year which will be required to be reflected in the final financial position of the Council. To date, Cabinet approval has been sought to allocate retrospective claim income to services as part of the quarterly reports. Due to the tight timescales for completing the financial outturn position for 2020-21 it is recommended by the S151 Officer that for the final quarter only the relevant claim values for that quarter are allocated out (vired) to the service budget lines as part of financial closure. The value of these amounts received and allocated to services will be reported in the normal "Outturn" financial report to Cabinet in July.

- 2.8 Corporate Management Team has re-enforced the current arrangements for budget monitoring in particular:-
 - focus on a range of corrective actions;
 - targeted immediate spend reduction and deferral action;
 - spending control on all vacancies and contracts;
 - a continued reminder that no Responsible Officer is authorised to overspend their budget in line with Financial Procedure Rules;
 - and consequently that Directors must work closely with Cabinet Members and the Corporate Management Team to contain, reduce, defer and delay spending as far as possible, having due regard, to existing agreed budget and political priorities to nonetheless seek to limit service overspending.
- 2.9 Offsetting opportunities do exist to temporarily ameliorate the currently identified service demand and price pressures as follows.
 - £1m was set aside in the budget for the potential costs relating to the impact of the Apprenticeship Levy. The final costs relating to this levy will only be known once final employee related costs are calculated at the year end. Should the full allocation not be required then any saving will be proposed to be used to mitigate service pressures at year end.
 - £1.85m was also set aside to meet any specific and significant inflationary increases arising in year. Given the overall financial projection at this stage it is proposed by the S151 officer that this be released as a compensating corporate saving especially as the price inflation outlook for the year looks very subdued.
 - Use of the Contingency Fund as detailed below.

3. Contingency Fund Provision for 2020/21

- 3.1 The contingency fund was set at the £3.621m contribution for 2020/21 as set out in the budget report approved by Council in March 2020. As a result of the favourable outturn positon this was added to, on a one off basis, to bring the total available to spend to over £9m. This is significantly higher than in recent years reflecting additional mitigation against any repeated overspending.
- 3.2 The current potential calls on the contingency fund for 2020-21 are:-

Contingency Fund 2020/21	Prediction
	2020/21 (£m)
Budgeted contribution for year.	3.621
Increase from c/fw from 2019-20 (as per Council 4 November 2020)	6.306
Proposed Strengthening and increased resilience in Financial Services	-0.250
Freedom of the City – Merchant Navy	-0.005
Support to Leisure Centres	-0.800
Underwrite to leisure Operators	-1.000
Support to Swansea Market	-0.500

Balance 31st March 2021	0.000
Used to reduce service overspending	-5.932
COVID Reduction in Car Park charges	-0.185
arrangments.	t.b.c
COVID George Hall temporary meeting	
COVID Extending Rent concessions	-0.117
COVID Wales National Pool support	-0.350
permits –loss of income.	-0.300
COVID extension of waiver for staff parking	
staff & members	-0.320
COVID ICT agile/homeworking costs :	2.200
Market Rents	-0.035
Coroners ICT	-0.040
City of Sanctuary floral badge	-0.001
Communications/PR improvements	-0.010
School 3G pitch Support	-0.025
Pipe House Wharf relocation lease costs	-0.057

The above table lists current potential calls on the budgeted contingency fund. All bar the Strengthening of Finance (which will be a proposed budget adjustment for 2021-22) are anticipated to be one off costs .The final amounts will be dependent on a number of factors during the year including speed of implementation, actual costs/commitments incurred and final Directorate outturn position. Spend approvals will be deliberately limited to seek to maximise underspend here as part of mitigating budget savings action.

As at 1st April 2020 some £3m remained within the Restructure Reserve to contribute toward ER/VR or other cost risks that may arise in 2020-21. The S151 officer remains satisfied that this is sufficient for 2020-21 and that there should be no call on contingency this year to fund such costs. The final costs of ER/VR will only be known towards the end of the year once all management actions re savings proposals etc are implemented. At this stage it is assumed that all ER/VR costs will be able to be contained within the sum left in the Restructure Reserve.

Based on current forecast the S151 officer proposes to utilise the current year forecast underspend on the Contingency Fund of £5.932m to provide additional mitigation against the anticipated unfunded elements of cost/loss of income as a result of COVID19 in either 2020-21 or, if outturn improves, as part of the further recovery phase in 2021-22 .

The S151 officer proposes to reserve his final position on the recommended levels of use of the restructure reserve and contingency fund until the absolute success or otherwise of reducing the forecast overspend is known at year-end.

3.3 The current indication is that, for 2020-21, there needs to be continued targeted mitigating action and delivery of savings proposals to help reduce the overall service overspends. It looks inevitable as this early stage that substantial draws from earmarked reserves will be needed to achieve a fully balanced budget for the year. Any inroads to net spending will reduce the necessary draw from reserves and increase the amount of reserves available to carry into 2021-22.

- 3.4 The action being taken includes working through existing plans on an accelerated delivery basis:
 - Management and Business Support Review: ongoing review of the management structure across the Council and future requirements given the Council's priorities, future challenges and the changing nature of the role of managers
 - Reducing the Pay Bill: review of options to reduce employee costs across the Council as part of our overall future workforce strategy (subject to trade union consultation at the appropriate time)
 - Commercialism through third party Procurement Savings and Income Generation: review of further options to increase income from fees and charges, trading etc, in addition to the targets already set for 2020/21
 - Progressing implementation of final phases Commissioning Reviews and Cross Cutting Themes.
 - Further implementation of the Social Services Saving Plan through which we have identified mechanisms for bringing down overall costs.
 - On the basis that these are existing agreed actions fully set out in the agreed budget set by Council in March, whilst wholly recognising the ability to progress any of the above have been seriously impacted by Covid 19.
 - Continuing the extant spending restrictions which have been agreed as necessary by Corporate Management Team.
 - Directors detailed action plans which are summarised in their commentary in Appendix B.
 - The Deputy Chief Executive continue to take forward implementation of the recovery plan approved at Cabinet to agree alternative mitigating actions and future steps, including the detail of the successor programme to Sustainable Swansea more suited and fitted pan and post Covid 19 and Brexit.
- 3.5 It should be noted that at this time, although the Council continues to pursue a number of VAT related claims, some are more advanced than others, there is NO certainty of windfalls from VAT refunds or any other external source being received in the current year.

4. Revenue Budget Summary

4.1 The position reported above reflects the best known current position and shows a net £17.14m of shortfall in service revenue budgets, almost entirely in relation to anticipated costs/loss of income as a result of COVID19 which when combined with a forecast £3.8m shortfall in Council Tax collection leads to a total shortfall of £20.94m. Some additional £7.07m (incl £0.78m re schools costs not included in 2.7) has, since the previous report, actually been received or confirmed from WG in relation to service additional costs/loss of income claims as per 2.7 above. It is assumed that all the TTP costs will also be recovered and for 2020/21 and some £2.8m is included at this stage. It is also possible that Council tax losses, or part of them at least, will be met by future WG grant support but this is yet to be assured. In addition as identified above further mitigation is anticipated from the Apprenticeship/Inflation provision of £1.9m and Contingency fund of £5.932m. Whilst not able to be estimated until the year end the current pandemic is likely to lead to a substantial increase in bad debt provision, which in conjunction with the above additional costs and mitigation, could result in an overall net overspend of £4m by the year end.

Summary Service Forecast overspend Council Tax shortfall	£17.14m £3.8m
Less Mitigating COVID grants received not incl in service forecasts COVID claims submitted no response from WG yet	-£7.07m
- assume will be received.	-£1.3m
Future covid claims re council tax losses - assumed	-£0.9m
TTP costs recovered	-£2.8m
Apprenticeship/Inflation	-£1.9m
Contingency Fund not currently utilised	-£5.9m
Net overspend forecast (Plus any potential Bad Debt provision movement at year e	£1.07m nd)

In addition, as outlined below ,there is an anticipated underspend on Capital Charges of some £7.5m which will be utilised to replenish any calls on the Capital Equalisation Reserve made to meet any unfunded elements of the COVID19 costs arising in year.

NB Further claims for re-imbursement of both expenditure and loss of income continue to be submitted to Welsh Government in accordance with their criteria. Based on previous expenditure claims submitted (and subsequently paid to date) it is considered reasonable that as a minimum some additional £1.3m is likely to be paid on claims submitted and is therefore included above.

Any additional WG funding towards the additional costs or loss on income received from WG in relation to COVID19 costs /loss of income included in table 2.3 above will further reduce the overall budget shortfall and thus why a target of "no worse than £4m" is recommended to be kept by Cabinet and by the S151 Officer on a truly exceptional one off basis.

- a. All revenue grant income from WG in relation to COVID claims for the services, including schools that has not yet been allocated "back" to departments is allocated in line with claims paid together with any additional claims cash received as part of the year end accounts.
- b. Corporate Management Team have reinforced the expectation that both service and overall net expenditure **must** be, as far as practicable, contained within the relevant limits of the current year budget as set by Council, and certainly within any agreed level of tolerance set by Cabinet on the advice of the s151 Officer, recognising the extreme nature of the Covid 19 impact.
- c. As previously mentioned, it is too early to provide an accurate forecast as to the potential outturn on corporate items such as Council Tax collection which is in itself potentially affected by the effects of welfare reform measures, an often increasing tax base, but equally a substantial deterioration in the economy and employment which may inhibit individuals ability to pay tax already set and due.
- d. Included in the projected budget for 2020/21 for other corporate items are capital finance charges. At Quarter 3, a significant variance of -£4m and £-3.5m is forecast for Principal Repayments and Net Interest Payments. The reasons for the significant variances are twofold, understandable capital slippage in year due to

Covid 19 pandemic and also the projected impact of the implementation of the Revised MRP Policy approved by Council in Dec 2018 where the revised policy would result in early year savings but with the expectation that these be reserved for the projected marginal increase in MRP payments in later years, albeit equalising the repayment of borrowing over the lifetime of the created asset. Council has previously approved that any underspending or overspending will be transferred at year end to or from reserves. The S 151 Officer reserves the right to recommend the temporary use of some of these balances to address in year Covid 19 budget pressures as identified in section 2.3 of this report.

- e. There continue to be risks around general inflationary pay and price pressures in the forthcoming year including increases to the National Living Wage from April 2021 which will significantly impact contractors to the Council in some service areas. It will also put further pressure on the lower end of the current local government pay spine in future years. The current year national local government pay award offer has been finalised at 2.75%, as budgeted and there is a now an agreed new pay offer for teachers worth up to 8% for some teachers (3.25% for majority), and part of the excess will be funded by WG by way of a one off specific grant. Whilst all are entirely welcomed from a policy perspective, nevertheless the Council simply cannot afford to fund them in isolation, unless additional permanent support is forthcoming from the UK and Welsh Governments, otherwise savings will have to be made elsewhere to meet such pressures longer term. Pressures are now much more likely to be dampened by UK government policy announcements around expectation for a near freeze in most public sector pay awards for 2021-22.
- f. Detailed monitoring of budgets will continue to be carried out and reported to Departmental Performance and Financial Management meetings on a monthly basis.
- g. It remains imperative that sustainable, but sensitive in the unusual circumstances of Covid 19, base budget savings are found to replace in year one off actions to stabilise the 2020-21 budget ahead of the finalisation of the 2021-22 budget round.

5. Capital Budget

5.1 Expenditure to 31st December 2020 is £143.797 million, summarised as follows:

Directorate	Budget	Actual	%
	2020/21	to	spend
		31/12/20	
	£'000	£'000	
Resources	2,564	1,426	55.6%
People (Education and Social			
Services)	32,016	20,223	63.2%
Place (General Fund)	165,381	95,777	57.9%
Place (HRA)	44,088	26,371	59.8%
Total	244,049	143,797	58.9%

Expenditure on major capital schemes is detailed in Appendix C.

It should be noted that the actual spend to 31 December may only have 7 or 8 months costs relating to external invoices. The impact of COVID will have an impact on the timing and potential slippage of the original capital programme. The situation remains fluid and the full impacts of COVID continue to be monitored with capital schemes being reprofiled during the year as the impacts of timing / slippage become known. This will have an impact on the revenue Capital Financing Charges in 2020/21 and beyond.

Bay Studios Surge Hospital (Covid19)

The figures above for Place (General Fund) includes £20.974m of expenditure for the Bay Studio Surge Hospital (Covid 19). As part of the Region's response to address projected increased demand on hospital services as a result of the Covid 19 pandemic, the Authority was asked by Swansea Bay University Health Board (SBUHB)/ Welsh Government (WG) to deliver a 1,000 bed Surge Hospital on the site of the old Bay Studios in SA1.

The scheme was completed in an exceptionally short timeframe. It was conceived, designed, delivered and operational within 3 months (April – June 2020) by Corporate Building Services in partnership with our partner sub-contractors, Kier and TRJ. The full cost of the scheme has been received from SBUHB and WG.

6. Housing Revenue Account

6.1 The Covid situation could have a considerable impact on the HRA revenue budget in 2020/21. Whilst income collection rates have not been significantly affected, the economic impact of the crisis continues and rent income is being closely monitored. It is forecast that the current Bad Debt Provision should be sufficient. There has been a major impact on revenue expenditure with the revenue repairs budget forecast to be significantly underspent by £1m due to Covid restrictions on entering properties. This budget will continue to be closely monitored however the further restrictions could impact this figure by year end. There are also underspends on transport and employee/vacancies (£0.17m). The crisis has also understandably impacted the delivery of the HRA Capital Programme with commensurate reduction in spend and financing costs. It is anticipated that financing costs could be reduced by around £0.55m.

7. Legal Issues

7.1 There are no legal issues contained within this report.

8. Equality issues

- 8.1 The Council is subject to the Public Sector Equality Duty (Wales) and must, in the exercise of their functions, have due regard to the need to:
 - Eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other conduct prohibited by the Act.
 - Advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.
 - Foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.

Our Equality Impact Assessment process ensures that we have paid due regard to the above.

8.2 The Revenue budget of the Council was approved following the application of the corporate Equality Impact Assessment (EIA) process throughout the Budget setting process. It is essential where service levels are affected by changes to the Revenue Budgets (including savings options) that the EIA process (alongside consultation and engagement as appropriate) is applied to ensure due regard is paid to the potential equality impacts of any proposals prior to decision making.

Background papers: None

Appendices:

Appendix A - Revenue Budget Projection forecast Quarter 3 2020/21

Appendix B - Directors comments on variances and action plans

Appendix C - Expenditure on major Capital Schemes

<u>DIRECTORATE</u>	BUDGET 2020/21 £000	PROJECTED 2020/21 £000	VARIATION 2020/21 £000
RESOURCES	50,524	53,890	3,366
PEOPLE - SOCIAL SERVICES	124,529	126,512	1,983
PEOPLE – EDUCATION	181,887	186,785	4,898
PLACE	63,143	69,843	6,700
Additional Savings	-194	0	194
NET DIRECTORATE EXPENDITURE	419,889	437,030	17,141
SPECIFIC PROVISION FOR APPRENTICESHIP LEVY/INFLATION	2,850	1,000	-1,850
CONTINGENCY FUND	2,030	0	-1,050
SUPPORT TO LOCAL BUSINESS	0	74,978	74,978
WG COVID GRANTS (Assured &	O	7-4,570	74,570
Due to be allocated to Services)	0	-122,253	-122,253
OTHER ITEMS			
LEVIES			
SWANSEA BAY PORT HEALTH AUTHORITY	87	87	0
CONTRIBUTIONS	07	01	U
MID & WEST WALES COMBINED FIRE			
AUTHORITY	13,741	13,741	0
CAPITAL FINANCING CHARGES	·	·	
PRINCIPAL REPAYMENTS	16,368	12,368	-4,000
NET INTEREST CHARGES	20,010	16,510	-3,500
NET REVENUE EXPENDITURE	472,945	433,461	-39,484
MOVEMENT IN RESERVES			
GENERAL RESERVES	0	0	0
EARMARKED RESERVES	-4,690	-4,206	484
TOTAL BUDGET REQUIREMENT	468,255	429,255	-39,000
DISCRETIONARY RATE RELIEF	400	400	0
TOTAL CITY AND COUNTY OF SWANSEA			
REQUIREMENT	468,655	429,655	0
COMMUNITY COUNCIL PRECEPTS	1,582	1,582	0
TOTAL REQUIREMENT	470,237	431,237	-39,000
	•		
FINANCING OF TOTAL REQUIREMENT			
REVENUE SUPPORT GRANT	253,660	253,660	0
NATIONAL NON-DOMESTIC RATES	85,721	50,521	35,200
COUNCIL TAX - CITY AND COUNTY OF			
SWANSEA	129,274	125,474	3,800
COUNCIL TAX - COMMUNITY COUNCILS	1,582	1,582	0
TOTAL FINANCING	470,237	431,237	39,000

Appendix B

Director's comments on budget variances

Director of Resources

The COVID-19 response has had a detrimental effect on the Resources portfolio budget for the 3rd Qtr. The TTP staffing expenditure is expected to be fully recoverable from Welsh Government.

A number of transformation projects and restructures were unable to be progressed resulting in overspends in both Customer Contact Centre, Digital Services and Transformation and Commercial services. Alternative savings plans are being prepared.

The resources portfolio has limited income streams, however, where income streams are within services, these have also been affected and unlikely to be achieved within the year.

The heads of service have and will continue to review the budgets and look for alternative ways of achieving efficiencies to balance the budget in year.

Variance	£000	Explanation and Action
COVID-19 Variation:		
Test Trace & Protect	2,800	Estimated Staffing costs of £2.6m and IT
Programme (TTP)		costs of £0.2m. This is fully recoverable from Welsh Government.
Oracle Cloud Project	0	Project has been delayed, however, after negotiations with Oracle it is not anticipated that there will not be any additional costs.
WCCIS Project	0	Project has been delayed, No additional costs are anticipated as a result of negotiations with NWIS.
Mobile Phones	0	No additional costs are forecasted after working with the supplier to negate the costs.
Digital services staff costs	12	Additional Digital services staffing costs at the start of lockdown to enable homeworking.
Contact centre software licences and consultancy	25	Digital Services remote contact centre software licences and consultancy to enable call handling from home.
Schools infrastructure project	39	Government directive to continue to pay consultants. Estimated additional cost as a result of continuing to pay consultants

		during lockdown and therefore elongated project timelines.
Design Print	300	Loss of trading income which relates mainly to internal recharges to Council departments.
Council Tax Reduction Scheme (CTRS)	1,000	Estimated additional costs due to additional demand. Based on the latest position it is forecasted the additional cost will be £400k less than previously reported.
CTRS WG Grant	-315	WG grant received for Qtr1 and Qtr2 is £178k and £137k respectively.
Council Tax Court Cost Income	235	Loss of Council Tax/NNDR court cost income as no court action has be taken for a significant part of the year.
Consultancy and Employee Costs	41	Additional Covid-19 costs.
COVID-19 WG Grants	-66	WG Hardship, Loss of Income and NDR Admin grant received.
Net COVID-19 variation	4,071	
Other Variations:		
Contact Centre	50	Restructure in flight to ensure sufficient resources in WTU, Complaints and a new model for Customer Services. The restructure will aim to take account of 'new normal' but will still require additional resources needed for Social Services Complaints and WTU in order to meet legal requirements.
Welsh Translation Service (WTU)	183	Welsh Translation Unit Saving from previous years cannot be achieved as requirement to maintain the service and deliver demand due to Welsh language Measures.
Commercial Services	130	Income target attributed to Commercial Services will not be achieved.
Legal Services	-612	Net underspend mainly due to vacant posts.
Other net variations	-456	Net Employee, Supplies & Services underspends, Income shortfall and unachieveable savings.
Total Other Variations	-705	
Total Forecast Variation	3,366	

Director of Social Services

Social Services

Variance	£000	Explanation and Action
Covid 19 Variation		'
Additional costs within Child and Family	430	The pandemic has reduced the options for placements with particular issues around care leavers. This has resulting in the Council having to secure more expensive placements than would be usual. There has also been a rise in the cost of Direct
		Payments as we aim to support families through this time.
Additional Costs within Poverty and Prevention	171	The Directorate has incurred additional costs in supporting those deemed especially vulnerable at this time. Support has seen increased investment in services for those at risk of Domestic Violence as well as in Welfare Rights to help them cope with increased demand. Some of these costs have been offset by the use of grant. This includes a £95k cost for the Summer Provision for Vulnerable Children which is recoverable through the hardship fund.
Lost income within Poverty and Prevention	368	The primary area of income loss relates to the Gower Activity Centres. We have also lost expected income from Adult Education.
Additional Costs within Adult Services	8,715	This is the estimated additional cost of the actions taken to increase local social care capacity and the payment of Welsh Government support to the commissioned sector.
Loss of Income within Adult Services	1,679	This loss of income relates to income received from citizens and partners in respect of our day services that closed at the time of the outbreak.
First Tranche of WG Hardship Funding	-2,278	Significant additional income will follow in Q4
Second Tranche of WG Hardship Funding	-1,325	
Other		
Other Child and Family Variances	100	It is possible that this overspend will be reduced by grant funding later in the year.
External Residential Care	-1,455	An underspend continues to be forecast.
External Domiciliary Care	-922	This underspend is a continuation of that reported in 2019/20 and has been driven by increased client income and the 'right sizing' work around packages of care.

Variance	£000	Explanation and Action
Internal Staffing and Services	-2,900	A number of grants have been received that are able to support the overall financial position. Work to ensure services are designed in a way that enables the Council to access all funding sources continues.
Third Party Spend	-51	The Directorate continues to maintain cost management approaches to ensure that our services are sustainable and we continue to pursue external partners to ensure we receive a fair income for our services.
MHLD Complex Care	604	This remains an area of pressure. Additional budget has been allocated but ongoing pressures on demand and fees remain.
Poverty and Prevention	-153	Some small savings are expected due to the management of grants.
Joint Arrangements	-1,000	A substantial underspend is expected within the Community Equipment Store due to the success of the service in attracting grant income. The Store is run as a joint arrangement between the Council, Neath Port Talbot CBC and Health Board. Underspends will be held in reserve for the future benefit of the Store.
Overall Variation	1,983	

Director's Comments

The Council's response to Covid-19 continues to dominate our financial outlook for the year. We have incurred significant additional expenditure through our response to the crisis. We continue to expect the majority of our additional costs will be recoverable through Welsh Government grant funding have aligned our processes to ensure we are successful in this.

Forecasts for Covid related expenditure and income loss are based on current WG Hardship Funding guidance and have been amended in line with the progression of the pandemic through the year.

The pandemic continues to affect our business as usual activity and we are reporting large underspends on some commissioned services that reflect a reduction in activity. Our non Covid variances continue the story from last year where we have been able to align grant income to offset the cost of our internal services.

We continue to forecast an overspend within Mental Health and Learning Disability Complex Care. Retendering has added to the pressures on fees, which have continued to increase at above inflation rates for some time.

We continue with efforts to seek fair and equitable funding contributions from our Health Service partners for the services they commission and have strengthened our systems for the recovery of client income.

Should our expectations around Hardship and Income Loss grants be met, the Directorate will deliver an underspend.

Director of Education

Variance	£0	Explanation and Action
Covid 19 Variations		
Additional direct cost of maintaining provision of lunches / food bags / BACS payments for FSM eligible pupils	3,022	Reflects significant additional food costs, considerably greater coverage of eligible families (with transitional protection), and additional provision over holidays. Work to estimate the cost of continued support in the 20/21 academic year is ongoing and not included in this forecast.
Loss of paid School Meal Income	2,250	Reflects previous year levels of take up of meals
Additional staffing costs over normal contracted hours (catering, cleaning and school support teams)	159	This is due to the support provided to settings at times when they would not usually be open such as weekends and holidays.
Additional hours for teaching assistants outside of term	120	
Additional transport, PPE, and utility costs.	342	Additional costs from the use of vehicles to support the delivery of Free School Meals, as well as the provision of PPE, continues to be scrutinised. Potential shortfall in the Face Covering Grant
Additional costs of licences to support Chromebooks and continuity of learning for pupils	24	Additional cost over and above core broadband and other IT infrastructure costs and available base budget
Loss of other income such as from school clerking services and penalty notices	10	On the basis of broad comparison with previous year – e.g. £4.2k per quarter re penalty notices
Loss of income to schools for example from school lettings and breakfast and other clubs	1,066	Reflects detailed analysis of income lost across our maintained schools.
Income Loss and Hardship Income Received	-3,768	1 st and 2 nd Tranches Received
Total Covid 19 variations	3,225	
Non Covid Variations		
Continuing additional costs of FSM transitional protection - part year impact once schools fully	335	Considerable increase in those entitled to FSM and likely to grow further with impact of lockdown. With transitional protection these numbers will be maintained without any

Variance	£0	Explanation and Action
re-open		certainty of additional core funding from WG
Additional costs of FSM	700	Additional food costs, which cannot be
provision during		reclaimed from WG, from free provision of care
lockdown which cannot		lunches to all pupils, over ordering by schools
be reclaimed from WG		of food bags / parcels, and donation to food
under strict grant criteria		banks of food items not required due to
Loss of additional paid	205	changing expectations of food parcel contents £125k loss of income from decision to remove
Loss of additional paid meal income from	205	increase from April and a further £80k part year
previously proposed		impact with no increase in September
MTFP increased prices		impact with no increase in deptember
(April 20 and Sept 20)		
Home to School	442	MTFP reflects robust management action to
Transport - further		mitigate scale of demand and cost pressures
underlying cost pressures		but underlying pressures continue to grow.
and undeliverable		Further shortfall due to undeliverable savings
savings target relating to		target allocated to Education, with no influence
creation of additional		in its determination or delivery
walking routes, allocated		
from Place Directorate		
Continuing Additional	192	Significant impact of management action to
Learning Needs demand		manage demand and cost pressures reflected
and cost pressures	-96	in MTFP, but challenges remain
Out of County Placements -	-90	Direction not to proceed with actions necessary to bring forward delivery of scale of additional
undeliverable savings		Special School Places required
without further specialist		opeoiai corioci i idoco required
provision within County		
Implications of school	50	Reflects existing pressures on areas such as
decisions on SLA buy		Music Service, as far as possible mitigate by
back on services		robust management action
Additional cost for	160	A local decision and so not reclaimable against
schools of corporate		WG funding for COVID 19
decision relating to		
average payments to		
Staff	400	Coots will increase from the artiful Daradon design
Additional staffing costs	100	Costs will increase further if HR redundancy
for schools due to freeze		processes cannot re-commence before September but may be able to mitigate from
on ER/VR processes		WG grant
Additional civic catering	63	Reflects continuing shortfall exacerbated by
costs with decision to		loss of any income from sales for the lockdown
freeze closure		period - could increase if closure further
		delayed
One-off additional	82	Agreed for 2020-21 only, before Swansea
contribution to Regional		withdraws from ERW from April 2021
Improvement Partnership		

Variance	£0	Explanation and Action
Capita One - one-off cost to have been charged to, and contained, within available 2019-20 budget	30	Proposed carry forward to reflect this one-off cost was not supported
Capita One annual maintenance costs - more than offset by savings in Corporate Digital Services budget but requiring an appropriate budget transfer	32	Highlighted as a potential continuing overspend until an appropriate base budget transfer from Digital Services is approved
Other continuing pressures (Primarily Historic Pension Costs, Maternity etc)	700	Will continue to be scrutinised to as far as possible mitigate pressures
One-off managed savings with delay to full implementation of new EOTAS model	-700	Further managed savings can be delivered whilst the new EOTAS model cannot be fully implemented
One-off managed savings identified in year in addition to those already reflected in MTFP	-622	Continuing robust management action will seek to identify further savings in addition to MTFP requirements
Net non-Covid 19 projected overspend	1,673	Reflects impact of decisions preventing the delivery of current year MTFP savings assumptions and unrecoverable additional Covid-19 costs
TOTAL PROJECTED PRESSURES	4,898	

The closure of schools has had a significant budgetary impact on the Directorate and is the primary cause of the variations reported above. We continue to align our processes in a way to ensure that we maximise the grants available to support us through this period but there is clearly a risk that some costs may not be fully reclaimable.

The non-Covid 19 projected overspend is more than accounted for by the impact of WG or local decision which has increased the uncontrollable and statutory cost pressures, prevented the delivery of significant elements of current year MTFP savings assumptions, and incurred unrecoverable additional Covid-19 costs in part underwritten by S151 Officer.

There are other areas of identified demand and cost pressures, in spite of the continuing delivery of the Education strategy, but these are anticipated to be more than offset by further one-off managed savings in addition to those already reflected in the MTFP. However, the underlying base budget shortfall facing the Education portfolio budget, potentially at almost £1.9m, is clearly of concern even though almost £1.2m directly reflects the full year impact of national or local decisions.

In line with corporate processes, the figures do not account for outstanding Covid Hardship and Loss of income figures that have not been distributed to the directorate. When this is accounted for, the figures reported will improve by £2.8m.

Director of Place

The directorate is currently projecting a £6.7m overspend which is significant and unprecedented (excludes expected quarter 2 loss of income and September/October Hardship Covid Grant of £2.8m currently held centrally, which when allocated to directorates would Improve the forecast outturn in Place to an overspend of circa £3.9m) . The reason for this is the additional costs incurred on Covid related matters, plus the lost income across a range of services areas due to the inability to carry out work or recharge for services. This projected out turn will be revised as further clarity is obtained from Welsh Government as to the level of support provided for both expenditure and lost income. There are some other "non Covid" projected overspends as is often the case but as in previous years the directorate would have achieved a balanced budget had it not been for COVID related implications.

Appendix C

Capital expenditure on major schemes to 31 December 2020 (where spend greater than £250k)	£000's
People	
EOTAS new build	4,555
Gorseinon primary new build	2,178
YGG Tan-y-Lan primary new build	2,656
YGG Tirdeunaw primary new build	2,784
YGG Gwyr secondary extension	1,848
Bishopston Comprehensive refurbishment	4,460
Pentrehafod remodelling	278
Hendrefoilan RICs scheme	427
Early Help Family Support hubs	330
Resources	
ERP System Upgrade	517
Hwb-in-schools infrastructure	536
Agile and Mobile IT equipment	332
Place	
City Centre Development Phase 1 (Arena schemes)	48,348
Kingsway Infrastructure	2,479
Kingsway Offices-Design & Plan	730
Hafod Copper Powerhouse scheme	781
Palace Theatre Redevelopment	564
Wind Street improvements	290
Corporate Building Services (including schools)	6,577
Highways - Baldwins Bridge / Fabian Way	486
Highways carriageway resurfacing including invest to save	4,648
Highways - Active Travel fund schemes	879
Highways - Drainage works	572
Highways - LTF Broadway interchange	861
Vehicle replacement scheme	1,370
New equipment for Corporate Transport Unit	283
DPD fitout and adaptations	672
Energy efficiency scheme with Salix Energy	338
Disability Facilities Grants	1,736
Mini adaptation grants	311

Leisure Centres (Freedom Leisure schemes)	265
Absorbent waste scheme	889
Bay Studios Surge Hospital build for SBUHB managed by CBS	20,974
HRA	
HRA capital programme (More Homes schemes)	4,422
Wind and Weatherproofing (including West Cross)	5,516
External Facilities	4,630
HRA Kitchens & Bathrooms	7,186

Total scheme value where spend greater than £250k

136,708